ISSN 0081-5438, Proceedings of the Steklov Institute of Mathematics, 2022, Vol. 319, Suppl. 1, pp. S12–S29. © Pleiades Publishing, Ltd., 2022. Russian Text © The Author(s), 2022, published in Trudy Instituta Matematiki i Mekhaniki UrO RAN, 2022, Vol. 28, No. 2, pp. 7–23.

## Approximation of the Normal to the Discontinuity Lines of a Noisy Function

A. L. Ageev<sup>1,\*</sup> and T. V. Antonova<sup>1,\*\*</sup>

Received December 16, 2021; revised January 20, 2022; accepted January 24, 2022

**Abstract**—The work is devoted to the construction of regularizing algorithms for solving the ill-posed problem of determining the normal and the position of the discontinuity lines of a function of two variables. It is assumed that the function is smooth outside the discontinuity lines and has a discontinuity of the first kind at each point on the line. The case is considered when the exact function is unknown, and, instead of it, at each node of a uniform grid with step  $\tau$ , the mean values of the perturbed function on a square with side  $\tau$  are known. The perturbed function approximates the exact function in the space  $L_2(\mathbb{R}^2)$ , and the perturbation level  $\delta$  is assumed to be known. Previously, the authors investigated (obtained accuracy estimates for) global discrete regularizing algorithms for approximating the set of discontinuity lines of a noisy function. The idea of averaging the original disturbed data over both variables is used to suppress noise when constructing the algorithms. In this work, methods are constructed that allow finding a set of pairs (grid point and vector): the grid point approximates the discontinuity line of the exact function, and the corresponding vector approximates the normal to the discontinuity line. These algorithms are investigated for the special case where the discontinuity lines are polygonal. Estimates of the accuracy of approximation of discontinuity lines and normals are obtained.

**Keywords:** ill-posed problem, regularization method, discontinuity lines, global localization, separability threshold, normal.

**DOI:** 10.1134/S0081543822060037

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Krasovskii Institute of Mathematics and Mechanics, Ural Branch of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Yekaterinburg, 620108 Russia

e-mail: \*ageev@imm.uran.ru, \*\*tvantonova@imm.uran.ru